CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1006

Chapter 370, Laws of 1993

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

PUBLIC-PRIVATE TRANSPORTATION INITIATIVES

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/1/93

Passed by the House April 20, 1993 Yeas 97 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the
House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 15, 1993 Yeas 45 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL** 1006 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

ALAN THOMPSON

Chief Clerk

Approved May 15, 1993

FILED

May 15, 1993 - 11:11 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1006

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington

53rd Legislature

1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Representatives R. Fisher, Zellinsky, Brumsickle, Dorn, R. Meyers, Miller, Scott, Sheldon, Wineberry, Ogden, Wood, Schmidt, Ballasiotes, Forner, Cooke, Talcott, Chandler, Leonard, Jacobsen, Eide, Horn and Pruitt)

Read first time 03/03/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to public-private initiatives in transportation;
- 2 adding a new chapter to Title 47 RCW; providing an effective date; and
- 3 declaring an emergency.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds and declares:
- 6 It is essential for the economic, social, and environmental well-
- being of the state and the maintenance of a high quality of life that
- 8 the people of the state have an efficient transportation system.
- 9 The ability of the state to provide an efficient transportation
- 10 system will be enhanced by a public-private sector program providing
- 11 for private entities to undertake all or a portion of the study,
- 12 planning, design, development, financing, acquisition, installation,
- 13 construction or improvement, operation, and maintenance of
- 14 transportation systems and facility projects.
- 15 A public-private initiatives program will provide benefits to both
- 16 the public and private sectors. Public-private initiatives provide a
- 17 sound economic investment opportunity for the private sector. Such
- 18 initiatives will provide the state with increased access to property
- 19 development and project opportunities, financial and development

- 1 expertise, and will supplement state transportation revenues, allowing 2 the state to use its limited resources for other needed projects.
- The public-private initiatives program, to the fullest extent possible, should encourage and promote business and employment opportunities for Washington state citizens.
- The public-private initiatives program should be implemented in cooperation and consultation with affected local jurisdictions.
- 8 The secretary of transportation should be permitted and encouraged 9 to test the feasibility of building privately funded transportation 10 systems and facilities or segments thereof through the use of innovative agreements with the private sector. 11 The secretary of transportation should be vested with the authority to solicit, 12 13 evaluate, negotiate, and administer public-private agreements with the private sector relating to the planning, construction, upgrading, or 14 15 reconstruction of transportation systems and facilities.
- 16 The department of transportation should be encouraged to take 17 advantage of new opportunities provided by federal legislation under section 1012 of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 18 19 1991 (ISTEA). That section establishes a new program authorizing 20 federal participation in construction or improvement or improvement of publicly or privately owned toll roads, bridges, and tunnels, and 21 allows states to leverage available federal funds as a means for 22 23 attracting private sector capital.
- 24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "transportation 25 systems and facilities" means capital-related improvements additions to the state's transportation infrastructure, including but 26 not limited to highways, roads, bridges, vehicles, and equipment, 27 marine-related facilities, vehicles, and equipment, park and ride lots, 28 29 transit stations and equipment, transportation management systems, and other transportation-related investments. 30
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The secretary or a designee shall solicit proposals from, and negotiate and enter into agreements with, private entities to undertake as appropriate, together with the department and other public entities, all or a portion of the study, planning, design, construction, operation, and maintenance of transportation systems and facilities, using in whole or in part private sources of financing.

The public-private initiative program may develop up to six demonstration projects. Each proposal shall be weighed on its own merits, and each of the six agreements shall be negotiated individually, and as a stand-alone project. The commission shall approve each of the selected projects.

Proposals and demonstration projects may be selected by the public and private sectors at their discretion. All projects designed, constructed, and operated under this authority must comply with all applicable rules and statutes in existence at the time the agreement is executed, including but not limited to the following provisions: Chapter 39.12 RCW, this title, RCW 41.06.380, chapter 47.64 RCW, RCW 49.60.180, and 49 C.F.R. Part 21.

The secretary or a designee shall consult with legal, financial, and other experts within and outside state government in the negotiation and development of the agreements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Agreements shall provide for private ownership of the projects during the construction period. After completion and final acceptance of each project or discrete segment thereof, the agreement shall provide for state ownership of the transportation systems and facilities and lease to the private entity unless the state elects to provide for ownership of the facility by the private entity during the term of the agreement.

23 The state shall lease each of the demonstration projects, or 24 applicable project segments, to the private entities for operating 25 purposes for up to fifty years.

The department may exercise any power possessed by it to facilitate the development, construction, financing operation, and maintenance of transportation projects under this chapter. Agreements for maintenance services entered into under this section shall provide for full reimbursement for services rendered by the department or other state agencies. Agreements for police services under the agreement may be entered into with any qualified law enforcement agency, and shall provide for full reimbursement for services rendered by that agency. The department may provide services for which it is reimbursed, including but not limited to preliminary planning, environmental certification, and preliminary design of the demonstration projects.

The plans and specifications for each project constructed under this section shall comply with the department's standards for state projects. A facility constructed by and leased to a private entity is deemed to be a part of the state highway system for purposes of identification, maintenance, and enforcement of traffic laws and for the purposes of applicable sections of this title. Upon reversion of the facility to the state, the project must meet all applicable state standards. Agreements shall address responsibility for reconstruction or renovations that are required in order for a facility to meet all applicable state standards upon reversion of the facility to the state.

For the purpose of facilitating these projects and to assist the private entity in the financing, development, construction, and operation of the transportation systems and facilities, the agreements may include provisions for the department to exercise its authority, including the lease of facilities, rights of way, and airspace, exercise of the power of eminent domain, granting of development rights and opportunities, granting of necessary easements and rights of access, issuance of permits and other authorizations, protection from competition, remedies in the event of default of either of the parties, granting of contractual and real property rights, liability during construction and the term of the lease, authority to negotiate acquisition of rights of way in excess of appraised value, and any other provision deemed necessary by the secretary.

The agreements entered into under this section may include provisions authorizing the state to grant necessary easements and lease to a private entity existing rights of way or rights of way subsequently acquired with public or private financing. The agreements may also include provisions to lease to the entity airspace above or below the right of way associated or to be associated with the private entity's transportation facility. In consideration for the reversion rights in these privately constructed facilities, the department may negotiate a charge for the lease of airspace rights during the term of the agreement for a period not to exceed fifty years. If, after the expiration of this period, the department continues to lease these airspace rights to the private entity, it shall do so only at fair market value. The agreement may also provide the private entity the right of first refusal to undertake projects utilizing airspace owned by the state in the vicinity of the public-private project.

Agreements under this section may include any contractual provision that is necessary to protect the project revenues required to repay the costs incurred to study, plan, design, finance, acquire, build,

- 1 install, operate, enforce laws, and maintain toll highways, bridges,
- 2 and tunnels and which will not unreasonably inhibit or prohibit the
- 3 development of additional public transportation systems and facilities.
- 4 Agreements under this section must secure and maintain liability
- 5 insurance coverage in amounts appropriate to protect the project's
- 6 viability and may address state indemnification of the private entity
- 7 for design and construction liability where the state has approved
- 8 relevant design and construction plans. Nothing in this chapter limits
- 9 the right of the secretary and his or her agents to render such advice
- 10 and to make such recommendations as they deem to be in the best
- 11 interests of the state and the public.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The department may enter into agreements using federal, state, and local financing in connection with the
- 14 projects, including without limitation, grants, loans, and other
- 15 measures authorized by section 1012 of ISTEA, and to do such things as
- 16 necessary and desirable to maximize the funding and financing,
- 17 including the formation of a revolving loan fund to implement this
- 18 section.
- 19 Agreements entered into under this section shall authorize the
- 20 private entity to lease the facilities within a designated area or
- 21 areas from the state and to impose user fees or tolls within the
- 22 designated area to allow a reasonable rate of return on investment, as
- 23 established through a negotiated agreement between the state and the
- 24 private entity. The negotiated agreement shall determine a maximum
- 25 rate of return on investment, based on project characteristics. If the
- 26 negotiated rate of return on investment is not affected, the private
- 27 entity may establish and modify toll rates and user fees.
- 28 Agreements may establish "incentive" rates of return beyond the
- 29 negotiated maximum rate of return on investment. The incentive rates
- 30 of return shall be designed to provide financial benefits to the
- 31 affected public jurisdictions and the private entity, given the
- 32 attainment of various safety, performance, or transportation demand
- 33 management goals. The incentive rates of return shall be negotiated in
- 34 the agreement.
- 35 Agreements shall require that over the term of the ownership or
- 36 lease the user fees or toll revenues be applied to payment of the
- 37 private entity's capital outlay costs for the project, including
- 38 interest expense, the costs associated with operations, toll

- 1 collection, maintenance and administration of the facility,
- 2 reimbursement to the state for the costs of project review and
- 3 oversight, technical and law enforcement services, establishment of a
- 4 fund to assure the adequacy of maintenance expenditures, and a
- 5 reasonable return on investment to the private entity. The use of any
- 6 excess toll revenues or user fees may be negotiated between the
- 7 parties.
- 8 After expiration of the lease of a facility to a private entity,
- 9 the secretary may continue to charge user fees or tolls for the use of
- 10 the facility, with these revenues to be used for operations and
- 11 maintenance of the facility, or to be paid to the local transportation
- 12 planning agency, or any combination of such uses.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** Sections 1 through 5 of this act constitute
- 14 a new chapter in Title 47 RCW.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** This act is necessary for the immediate
- 16 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the
- 17 state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take
- 18 effect July 1, 1993.

Passed the House April 20, 1993.

Passed the Senate April 15, 1993.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 1993.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 15, 1993.